Name	
	Date

# **Ancient China Timeline**

## Step #1

On another piece of paper, label it "Ancient China Timeline". Then place your name and date on the back of it.

## Step #2

Draw a straight line across the front of the paper.

## Step #3

Using a ruler, mark every inch across the line.

## Step #4

On the first mark on the left side of the line, label it 1600 B.C.. Then, along all of the 1 inch marks, label them by every 1 inch = 200 years. (note that these dates are BC so numbers go backwards). Label the scale on the paper.

## Step #5

Put each of the dates below on your timeline where they appropriately fit. Make sure you have 10 events.

1500 BC - First Chinese stoneware pottery

1200 BC - First evidence of Chinese writing

551 BC - Confucius is born

500 BC - Chinese first use coins

400 BC - Magnetic compass invented

220 BC - The terracotta army is built

150 BC - Invented paper

100 BC - Wheelbarrows are invented

28 BC - Chinese astronomers first observe sunspots

132 AD - Invented the seismograph



### Step #6

Use colors or some different type of marks and add the following time periods to your timeline. You must use 4 different colors or types of marks. Be sure to label each time period.

1500 BC - 1050 BC - Shang Dynasty 1050 BC - 256 BC - Zhou Dynasty 221 BC - 206 BC - Qin Dynasty 206 BC - 220 AD - Han Dynasty

# Shang Zhou Dynasty Dynasty

# Step #7

Answer the following questions on the back of your timeline.

- 1.) What year was Confucius born?
- 2.) Which was invented first paper or the wheelbarrow?
- 3.) How many years are there between when there was the first evidence of Chinese writing and when paper was invented?
- 4.) Would the Chinese have used wheelbarrows to build the terracotta army? How do you know?
- 5.) Which dynasty was Confucius a part of?
- 6.) Did the Han Dynasty rule before or after the Zhou Dynasty?
- 7.) Which dynasty ruled the longest?
- 8.) During which dynasty did Chinese astronomers first observe sunspots?